Five Sultans and Four Rivers: (Re)Viewing Water in India’s Early Modern Deccan

India’s Deccan is a large semi-arid region, watered by rivers and monsoon rains, and built water shapes such as ground level reservoirs, wells, and canals. During the fourteenth to eighteenth centuries, a series of sultanates came to control the region. While their histories have largely been told in political terms, in this work-in-progress talk, I will (re)view this period of Deccan history through a hydrosocial perspective whereby water and humans are bound together in a cyclical relationship with each other over time and space. This work will be located within the larger book project on water in India from the eleventh century to the present.

Wednesday, April 12, 2017
CTIHB Jewel Box
12:30pm
Lunch provided

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